# **PHYSICS 108**

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- Schedule of Topics
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- Thermal Physics
  - Deconstructing
    - Temperature
  - Statistical Mechanics
    - Randomness
    - Conservation
    - Counting all the
      - Accessible States
    - Entropy is Simple!



See

http://musr.physics.ubc.ca/~jess/p108/syll/2005/

### **MARKING:**

| ITEM               | MARKS |
|--------------------|-------|
| Best 8 Assignments | 20    |
| Best Midterm Exam  | 30    |
| Final Exam         | 50    |
| TOTAL              | 100   |

**TA:** Shirin Hadizadeh <shirin@physics.ubc.ca>

### **Tentative Schedule of Topics**

See

http://musr.physics.ubc.ca/~jess/p108/out1/2005/

#### Homework:

At the beginning of class every Wednesday, pick up any marked assignments & the new assignment and turn in your finished assignment. Solutions will be handed out at the end of class, so assignments must not be late.

The **best 8 out of 12** will be used in your final mark.

### **Physics 108 WEBSITES**

You should automatically be registered in the

phys\_108 WebCT course, where you will find the weekly quiz which counts for 20% of each week's Assignment mark.

Most actual **CONTENT** is found on http://musr.physics.ubc.ca/~jess/p108/ where you will find links to the syllabus, outline, WebCT site, lecture summaries, assignments & solutions, old exams, the Skeptic's Guide to Physics, the HyperTextBook, class photos, the people database, surveys and the Conflict Scheduler....

#### **Physics 108 Links**

Log In and indicate your SCHEDULE CONFLICTS.

#### Syllabus

WebCT site (password access)

Tentative Course Outline for Spring 2005

Lecture Archives

Assignments & Solutions

Old Exams

Physics 108 People Database

Surveys and Feedback

The Skeptic's Guide to Physics First Year Science <u>HyperTextBook</u>

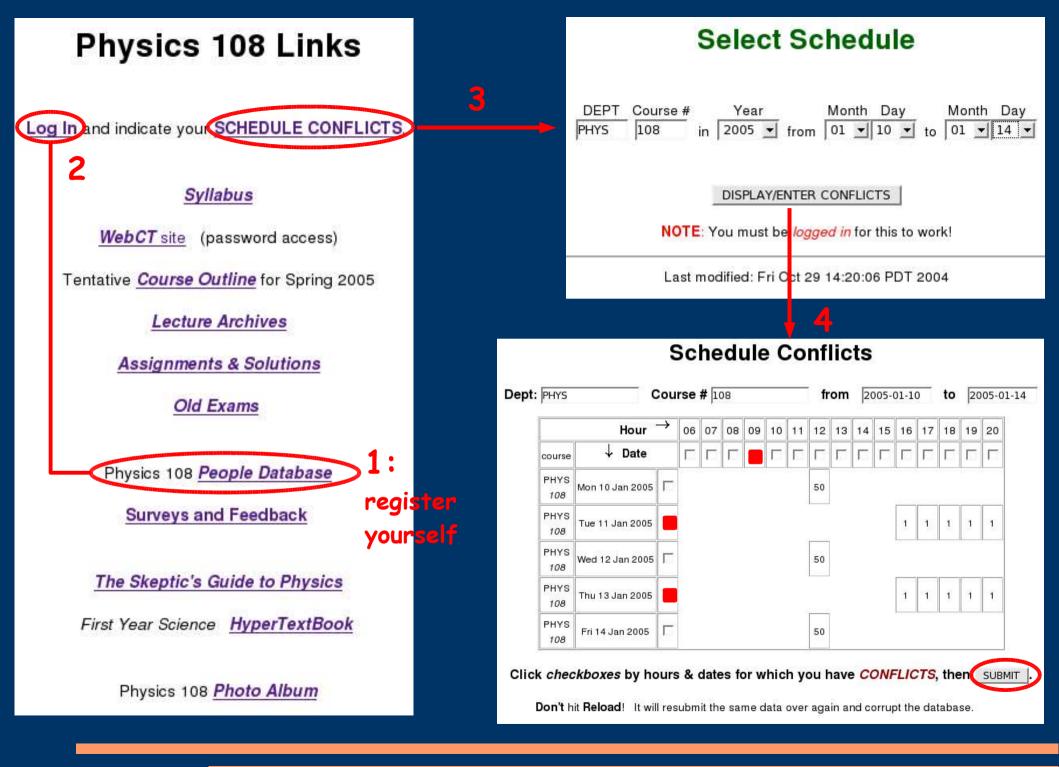
Physics 108 Photo Album



### **Tutorial Conflicts?**

Our TA can't come to two out of the three Tutorials. It is unlikely that the Tutorials can be moved, but it's worth a try. It will also be useful to know if there are any "empty slots" in most people's schedules. So please

go to http://musr.physics.ubc.ca/~jess/p108/peo/ and register yourself using "Enter your profile" to get an ID. Then go back to the main page and "*indicate your SCHEDULE CONFLICTS*" for the "typical week" of 10-14 Jan 2005 so we can see if there are any better Tutorial times than <u>4-5pm Mon</u>, <u>12-1pm Tue</u> & <u>3-4pm Tue</u>.



## **THERMAL PHYSICS**

**Read the handout!** It contains everything I am going to say about **Statistical Mechanics**, which will probably not resemble anything you have heard before and is very different from your textbook's more traditional approach to Thermodynamics.

First let's deconstruct temperature. <u>What is "temperature"</u>? I want a definition, not a description of its properties or effects, although it may be useful to make a list of those, too.

# **ENTROPY**

<u>What is "entropy"</u>? If we have a hard time defining temperature, then this mysterious thermodynamic function must be even worse, right? Not so! Entropy is actually very simple to understand, once we establish the proper perspective on Statistical Mechanics. This requires an old idea and a new one:

OLD IDEA: Energy is Conserved in a closed system.

NEW IDEA: <u>Every possible fully specified microstate of a closed</u> <u>system is a priori equally likely</u>. This is known as the "fundamental assumption of statistical mechanics" and it contains some tricky terminology (not to mention an implausible-sounding hypothesis). Suppose we have a total energy U contained in some system S. Usually S will contain a lot of microscopic components, each of which can hold varying fractions of U, subject only to the **constraint** that all those fractions have to add up to 100% of Ubecause energy is conserved.

We define the "multiplicity"  $\Omega$  of the ensemble of {all accessible microstates of the system  $\mathcal{S}$ } to be simply the <u>number</u> of all such possible states. For macroscopic systems this gets to be a really, really **big** number, so we take its natural logarithm to get something a little more manageable.

And that's Entropy, man.  $\sigma = \log \Omega$